**CRIM 762**

**Crime and Place**

**Spring 2021**

Instructor: Professor David Weisburd

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Assistant: Taryn Zastrow

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**First Class:** January 26, 2021 **Room:** 310 Research Hall

**Time:** 10:30AM – 1:10PM **Class Meets:** Tuesdays

**Office Hours:** Email Dr. Weisburd to set up an appointment in person or via videoconference.

**Web Resources:**

<https://cebcp.org/wp-content/cpwg/Place-Based-Bibliography.pdf>

**Course Summary:**

Recent studies have shown a tremendous concentration of crime at very small geographic units of analysis such as street segments (often termed hot spots), and research on hot spots policing suggests significant crime prevention benefits can be gained by focusing on such places. This course will first explore basic research showing the importance on focusing on micro places or crime hot spots (instead of just individuals and large areas). We will then turn to theoretical explanations that can guide our understanding of why crime concentrates in particular places. We will then turn to applied research and focus on the emergence of and empirical evidence regarding hot spots policing. This discussion will include a review of findings on displacement and diffusion effects as well as potential unintended negative consequences for police legitimacy of a hot spots approach. We will end with a discussion of future directions for crime and place research, and will focus in particular on the potential of social interventions in crime prevention.

**Evaluation:**

Grades will be assigned as follows:

* Class Participation (20%)
* Scholarly Paper (80%)

More details on the scholarly paper will be provided in class.

**Required Text:**

Articles and book chapters will be distributed to the class through the class Dropbox website noted above. Each week, has required readings and additional optional readings that can further your understanding of that week’s material. Unpublished documents may be distributed in class or via secure links.

Additionally, all students are required to purchase the following texts for the course:

Weisburd, D., Groff, E.R., and Yang, S.M. (2012). *The criminology of place: Street segments and our understanding of the crime problem*. New York: Oxford.

Weisburd, D., Telep, C. W., Cave, B., Bowers, K., Eck, J. E., Bruinsma, G, et al (2016). *Place Matters*. Cambridge University Press.

**I. The Emergence of Interest in Crime and Place**

*Required Readings:*

1. Weisburd, David, Gerben J. N. Bruinsma, and Wim Bernasco. (2009). Units of Analysis in Geographic Criminology: Historical Development, Critical Issues, and Open Questions. In David Weisburd, Wim Bernasco, and Gerben J. N. Bruinsma (eds.), Putting Crime in its Place: Units of Analysis in Geographic Criminology (pp. 3-34). New York: Springer.

2. Weisburd, D. (2015). Small worlds of crime and criminal justice interventions: Discovering crime hot spots. In Maltz (ed.) *Envisioning Criminology* (pp. 261-267). Springer, Cham.

3. Weisburd, D., Groff, E.R., and Yang, S.M. (2012). *The criminology of place: Street segments and our understanding of the crime problem*. New York: Oxford.   
**Chapter 1.**

4. Weisburd, D., Telep, C. W., Cave, B., Bowers, K., Eck, J. E., Bruinsma, G, et al (2016). *Place Matters*. Cambridge University Press. **Chapter 1.**

5. Weisburd, D. (2001). From criminals to criminal contexts: Reorienting crime prevention research and policy. In E. Waring & D. Weisburd (Eds.), *Crime and social organization* (pp. 215-234). Routledge.

6. Brantingham, Paul J. and Patricia L. Brantingham. (1990). Situational Crime Prevention in Practice. *Canadian Journal of Criminology*, 32(1), 17-40.

7. Gladwell, M. (2019). *Talking to Strangers: What we should know about the people we don't know*. Little, Brown and Company. **Chapter 10**.

*Additional Readings:*

1. Brantingham, Patricia L. and Paul J. Brantingham. (1991). Introduction to the 1991 Reissue: Notes on Environmental Criminology. In Patricia L. Brantingham and Paul J. Brantingham (eds.), Environmental Criminology (pp. 1-26). Prospect Heights, IL: Waveland Press.

2. Clarke, Ronald V. and Marcus Felson. (1993). Introduction: Criminology, Routine Activity, and Rational Choice. In Ronald V. Clarke & Marcus Felson (eds.), Routine Activity and Rational Choice. Advances in Criminological Theory, vol. 5. New Brunswick, NJ: Transaction Press.

1. THE CRIMINOLOGY OF PLACE: BASIC SCIENCE

**II. The “Law of Crime Concentrations” at Places and Its Implications for Research and Policy**

*Required Readings:*

1. Sherman, Lawrence, Patrick Gartin, and Michael Buerger. (1989). Hot Spots of Predatory Crime: Routine Activities and the Criminology of Place. *Criminology*, 27(1), 27-56.

2. Weisburd, David, Groff, Elizabeth R., and Sue-Ming Yang. (2012). The criminology of place: Street segments and our understanding of the crime problem. New York: Oxford. **Chapter 3**

3. Weisburd, D., Telep, C. W., Cave, B., Bowers, K., Eck, J. E., Bruinsma, G., et al. (2016). Place Matters. Cambridge University Press. **Chapter 2.**

4. Weisburd, D. (2015). The law of crime concentration and the criminology of place. *Criminology*, 53(2), 133-157.

5. Gill, C., Wooditch, A., & Weisburd, D. (2016). Testing the “Law of Crime Concentration at Place” in a Suburban Setting: Implications for Research and Practice. *Journal of Quantitative Criminology*, 1-27.

6. Telep, C. W., & Weisburd, D. (2017). Crime Concentrations at Places. In *The Oxford Handbook of Environmental Criminology*.

7. Lee, Y., Eck, J. E., SooHyun, O., & Martinez, N. N. (2017). How concentrated is crime at places? A systematic review from 1970 to 2015. *Crime Science, 6*, 6–21.

*Additional Readings:*

1. Spelman, William. (1995). Criminal Careers of Public Places. In John E. Eck and David Weisburd (eds.), Crime and Place, Crime Prevention Studies, vol. 4 (pp. 115-144). Monsey, NY: Willow Tree Press.

2. Eck, John E., Jeffrey S. Gersh, and Charlene Taylor. (2000). Finding Crime Hot Spots through Repeat Address Mapping. In Victor Goldsmith, Philip G. McGuire, John H. Mollenkopf, and Timothy A. Ross (eds.), Analyzing Crime Patterns: Frontiers of Practice (pp. 49-64). Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage Publications.

3. Weisburd, David, Shawn Bushway, Cynthia Lum, and Sue-Ming Yang. (2004). Trajectories of Crime at Places: A Longitudinal Study of Street Segments in the City of Seattle. *Criminology*, 42(2), 283-321.

4. Curman, Andrea S., Andresen, Martin A., and Paul Brantingham. (2014). Crime and Place: A Longitudinal Examination of Street Segment Patterns in Vancouver, BC. *Journal of Quantitative Criminology*, 1-21.

5. Weisburd, David, and Shai Amram. (2014). The law of concentrations of crime at place: the case of Tel Aviv-Jaffa. *Police Practice and Research*, 15(2), 101-114.

6. Bernasco, W., & Steenbeek, W. (2017). More places than crimes: implications for evaluating the law of crime concentration at place. *Journal of Quantitative Criminology*, *33*(3), 451-467.

7. Gorr, W., & Lee, Y. (2017). Chronic and temporary hot spots. In D. Weisburd and A. Braga (eds.) Unravelling the Crime Place Connection. New York: Routledge.

8. Hipp, J. R., & Kim, Y. A. (2016). Measuring crime concentration across cities of varying sizes: Complications based on the spatial and temporal scale employed. *Journal of Quantitative Criminology*, 1-38.

9. Levin, A., Rosenfeld, R., & Deckard, M. (2017). The law of crime concentration: an application and recommendations for future research. *Journal of quantitative criminology*, *33*(3), 635-647.

**III. The Importance of Looking Within Communities: The Geography of Crime and Place**

*Required Readings:*

1. Steenbeek, W., & Weisburd, D. (2015). Where the action is in crime? An examination of variability of crime across different spatial units in The Hague, 2001–2009. *Journal of Quantitative Criminology*, 1-21.

2. Groff, Elizabeth, David Weisburd, and Sue-Ming Yang. (2010). Is it Important to Examine Crime Trends at a Local "Micro" Level?: A Longitudinal Analysis of Street to Street Variability in Crime Trajectories. *Journal of Quantitative Criminology*, 26, 7-22.

3. Weisburd, D., Groff, E.R., and Yang, S.M. (2012). The criminology of place: Street segments and our understanding of the crime problem. New York: Oxford. **Chapter 4.**

*Additional Readings:*

1. Groff, Elizabeth, David Weisburd, and Nancy A. Morris. (2009). Where the Action is at Places: Examining Spatio-Temporal Patterns of Juvenile Crime at Places Using Trajectory Analysis and GIS. In David Weisburd, Wim Bernasco, and Gerben J. N. Bruinsma (eds.), Putting Crime in its Place: Units of Analysis in Geographic Criminology (pp. 61-86). New York: Springer.

2. Oberwittler, Dietrich and Per-Olof H. Wikstrom. (2009). Why Small is Better: Advancing the Study of the Role of Behavioral Contexts in Crime Causation. In David Weisburd, Wim Bernasco, and Gerben J. N. Bruinsma (eds.), Putting Crime in its Place: Units of Analysis in Geographic Criminology (pp. 35-60). New York: Springer.

3. Hipp, John R. (2007). Block, Tract, and Level of Aggregation: Neighborhood Structure and Crime and Disorder as a Case in Point. *American Sociological Review*, 72, 659-680.

4. Gerell, M. (2016). Smallest is Better? The Spatial Distribution of Arson and the Modifiable Areal Unit Problem. *Journal of Quantitative Criminology*, 1-26.

5. O’Brien, D. (2019). The Action Is Everywhere, But Greater at More Localized Spatial Scales: Comparing Concentrations of Crime across Addresses, Streets, and Neighborhoods. *The Journal of Research in Crime and Delinquency*, *56*(3), 339–377.

**IV. Theories of Crime and Place**

*Required Readings:*

1. Weisburd, D., Groff, E.R., and Yang, S.M. (2012). The criminology of place: Street segments and our understanding of the crime problem. New York: Oxford. **Chapter 2.**

2. Weisburd, D., Telep, C. W., Cave, B., Bowers, K., Eck, J. E., Bruinsma, G, et al (2016). Place Matters. Cambridge University Press. **Chapter 3.**

3. Weisburd, D., & Eck, J. E. (2017). Theoretical Foundations and Frontiers for Understanding High Crime Places: An Introduction. In *Unraveling the Crime-Place Connection, Volume 22* (pp. 9-24). Routledge.

Opportunity Theories

4. Cohen, Lawrence and Marcus Felson. (1979). Social Change and Crime Rate Trends: A Routine Activity Approach. *American Sociological Review*, 44(4), 588-608.

5. Brantingham, Patricia L. and Paul J. Brantingham. (1993). Environment, Routine, and Situation: Toward a Pattern Theory of Crime. In Ronald V. Clarke and Marcus Felson (eds.), Routine Activity and Rational Choice, Advances in Criminological Theory, vol. 5 (pp. 259294) New Brunswick, NJ: Transaction Publishers.

6. Braga, A. A., & Clarke, R. V. (2014). Explaining high-risk concentrations of crime in the city: Social disorganization, crime opportunities, and important next steps. *Journal of Research in Crime and Delinquency*, *51*(4), 480-498.

Informal Social Controls/Social Disorganization

7. Weisburd, D., Groff, E. R., & Yang, S. M. (2014). The importance of both opportunity and social disorganization theory in a future research agenda to advance criminological theory and crime prevention at places. *Journal of research in crime and delinquency*, *51*(4), 499-508.

8. Sampson, R. J., Raudenbush, S. W., & Earls, F. (1997). Neighborhoods and violent crime: A multilevel study of collective efficacy. *Science*, 277(5328), 918-924.

9. Weisburd, D., White, C., & Wooditch, A. (2020). Does Collective Efficacy Matter at the Micro Geographic Level?: Findings From a Study Of Street Segments. *The British Journal of Criminology*.

*Note: These chapters are both long; focus on the theory and the constructs, not on the geographic distribution of the variables*

*Additional Readings:*

1. Braga, Anthony A. and David Weisburd. (2010). **Chapter 3**: The Theoretical Importance of Place in Crime Prevention. In Policing Problem Places: Crime Hot Spots and Effective Prevention. Oxford University Press.

2. Sherman, Lawrence W. (1995). Hot Spots of Crime and Criminal Careers of Places. In John E. Eck and David Weisburd (eds.), Crime and Place, Crime Prevention Studies, vol. 4 (pp. 35- 52). Monsey, NY: Willow Tree Press.

3. Felson, Marcus. (1994). Crime and Everyday Life: Insight and Implications for Society. Thousand Oaks, CA: Pine Forge Press.

4. Eck, John E., and Emily Eck. (2012). Overview of: “Crime Place and Pollution: Expanding Crime Reduction Options through a Regulatory Approach.” *Criminology & Public Policy*, 11(2), 279-280.

5. Eck, John E. (1998). What Do Those Dots Mean? Mapping Theories with Data. In David Weisburd and Tom McEwen (eds.), Crime Mapping & Crime Prevention, Crime Prevention Studies, vol. 8 (pp. 379-406). Monsey, NY: Criminal Justice Press.

6. Eck, John E. and David Weisburd. (1995). Crime Places in Crime Theory. In John E. Eck and David Weisburd (eds.), Crime and Place, Crime Prevention Studies, vol. 4 (pp. 1-33). Monsey, NY: Willow Tree Press.

**V. The Distribution of Opportunities and Social Disorganization at Places**

*Required Readings:*

1. Weisburd, D., Groff, E.R., and Yang, S.M. (2012). The criminology of place: Street segments and our understanding of the crime problem. New York: Oxford. **Chapter 5 & 6**

2. Eck, J. E. (2017). The Opportunity Structure for Bad Place Management: A Theory to Assist Effective Regulation of High Crime Places. In D. Weisburd and A Braga (eds.) *Unraveling the Crime-Place Connection, Volume 22*. New York: Routledge.

3. Weisburd, D., M. Shay, S. Amram and R. Zamir. (2017) The Relationship Between Social Disorganization and Crime at the Micro Geographic Level: Findings From Tel Aviv-Yafo Using Israeli Census Data. In D. Weisburd and A Braga (eds.) *Unraveling the Crime-Place Connection, Volume 22*. New York: Routledge.

4. Weisburd, D., & White, C. (2019). Hot spots of crime are not just hot spots of crime: Examining health outcomes at street segments. *Journal of contemporary criminal justice*, 35(2), 142160.

5. Weisburd, David, Breanne Cave, Matt Nelson, Clair White, Amelia Haviland, Justin Ready,

Brian Lawton, Kathleen Sikkema. (2018) Mean Streets and Mental Health:

Depression and PTSD at Crime Hot Spots. *American Journal of Community Psychology*

61:285-295

**VI. Explaining Crime at Place**

*Required Readings:*

1. Weisburd, David, Nancy A. Morris, and Elizabeth R. Groff. (2009). Hot Spots of Juvenile Crime: A Longitudinal Study of Arrest Incidents at Street Segments in Seattle, Washington. *Journal of Quantitative Criminology*, 25(4), 443-467.

2. Weisburd, D., Groff, E.R., and Yang, S.M. (2012). The criminology of place: Street segments and our understanding of the crime problem. New York: Oxford. **Chapter 7.**

3. Wilcox, P., & Tillyer, M.S. (2017). Place and Neighborhood Contexts. In D. Weisburd and A Braga (eds.) *Unraveling the Crime-Place Connection, Volume 22*. New York: Routledge.

4. Weisburd, D., Groff, E. R., & Yang, S.-M. (2014). Understanding and controlling hot spots of crime: The importance of formal and informal social controls. *Prevention Science*,*15*(1), 31–43.

5. Weisburd, D., White, C., Wire, S. & Wilson, D. (Forthcoming) Enhancing informal social controls to reduce crime: Evidence from a study of crime hot spots. *Prevention Science.*

*Additional Readings:*

1. Weisburd, David and Alex R. Piquero. (2008). How Well Do Criminologists Explain Crime? Statistical Modeling in Published Studies. In Michael Tonry (ed.) Crime and Justice: A Review of Research, vol. 37 (pp. 453-502). Chicago: University of Chicago Press.

2. Roncek, Dennis W. and Ralph Bell. (1981). Bars, Blocks and Crimes. *Journal of Environmental Systems*, 11, 35-47.

3. Roncek, Dennis W. and Pamela A. Maier. (1991). Bars, Blocks, and Crimes Revisited: Linking the Theory of Routine Activities to the Empiricism of "Hot Spots". *Criminology*, 29, 725-753.

1. CRIME PREVENTION AND THE CRIMINOLOGY OF PLACE

**VII. Deterrence and Opportunity Reduction: The Emergence of Hot Spots Policing**

*Required Readings:*

1. Sherman, Lawrence W. and David Weisburd. (1995). General Deterrent Effects of Police Patrol in Crime "Hot Spots": A Randomized Controlled Trial. *Justice Quarterly*, 12(4), 626-648.

2. Weisburd, D. (2018). Hot spots of crime and place‐based prevention. *Criminology & Public Policy*, *17*(1), 5-25.

3. Braga, W., Weisburd, D. (2020). Does Hot Spots Policing Have Meaningful Impacts on Crime? Findings from An Alternative Approach to Estimating Effect Sizes from Place-Based Program Evaluations. *Journal of Quantitative Criminology*.

4. Weisburd, David and John E. Eck (2004). What Can Police Do to Reduce Crime, Disorder and Fear? *The Annals of the American Academy of Political and Social Science*, 593, 4265.

5. Braga, Anthony A., Andrew V. Papachristos, and David Hureau. (2014). The effects of hot spots policing on crime: An updated systematic review and meta-analysis. *Justice Quarterly*, 31(4).

6. Weisburd, D., Majmundar, M. K., Aden, H., Braga, A., Bueermann, J., Cook, P. J., Goff, P. A., Harmon, R. A., Haviland, A., Lum, C., Manski, C., Mastrofski, S., Meares, T., Nagin, D., Owens, E., Raphael, S., Ratcliffe, J., & Tyler, T. (2019). Proactive policing: A summary of the report of the National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine. *Asian Journal of Criminology, 14*(2), 145–177.

7. Lum, C., Koper, C. S., & Telep, C. W. (2011). The evidence-based policing matrix. *Journal of Experimental Criminology*, 7(1), 3-26.

8. Weisburd, D., & Jonathan-Zamir, T. (2020). Fighting crime and gaining public support are two distinct goals for police. The Hill. <https://thehill.com/opinion/criminal-justice/505593-fighting-crime-and-gaining-public-support-are-two-distinct-goals-for>

*Additional Readings:*

1. Braga, Anthony A. and Brenda J. Bond. (2008). Policing Crime and Disorder Hot Spots: A Randomized Controlled Trial. *Criminology*, 46(3), 577-607.

2. Braga, Anthony A., David Weisburd, Elin J. Waring, Lorraine G. Mazerolle, William Spelman, and Frank Gajewski. (1999). Problem-Oriented Policing in Violent Crime Places: A Randomized Controlled Experiment. *Criminology*, 37(3), 541-580.

3. Sherman, Lawrence W and Dennis P. Rogan. (1995). Deterrent Effects of Police Raids on Crack Houses: A Randomized Controlled Experiment. *Justice Quarterly*, 12(4), 755-782.

4. Sherman, Lawrence W., Michael Buerger and Patrick Gartin. (1989). Repeat Call Address Policing: The Minneapolis RECAP Experiment. Washington, DC: Crime Control Institute.

5. Weisburd, David. (2005). Hot Spots Policing Experiments and Criminal Justice Research: Lessons from the Field. *Annals of the American Academy of Political and Social Science*, 599, 220-245.

6. Taylor, Bruce, Koper, Christopher S., and Woods, Daniel J. (2011). A randomized controlled trial of different policing strategies at hot spots of violent crime. *Journal of Experimental Criminology*, 7, 149–181.

7. Sherman, Lawrence W. and John E. Eck (2002). Policing for Crime Prevention. In Lawrence W. Sherman, David P. Farrington, Brandon C. Welsh, and Doris L. MacKenzie (Eds.), Evidence- Based Crime Prevention (pp. 295-329). New York: Routledge. (1997 version at <http://www.ncjrs.gov/works/chapter8.htm>)

8. Rosenfeld, R., Deckard, M. J., & Blackburn, E. (2014). The effects of directed patrol and self‐initiated enforcement on firearm violence: A randomized controlled study of hot spot policing. *Criminology*, *52*(3), 428-449.

**VIII. Crime Displacement and Diffusion of Crime Prevention Benefits**

*Required Readings:*

1. Clarke, Ronald V. and David Weisburd. (1994). Diffusion of Crime Control Benefits: Observations on the Reverse of Displacement. In Ronald V. Clarke (ed.), Crime Prevention Studies, vol. 2 (pp. 165-184). Monsey, NY: Criminal Justice Press.

2. Weisburd, David and Lorraine Green. (1995). Policing Drug Hot Spots: The Jersey City Drug Market Analysis Experiment. *Justice Quarterly*, 12(4), 711-736.

3. Weisburd, David, Laura A. Wyckoff, Justin Ready, John E. Eck, Joshua C. Hinkle, and Frank Gajewski. (2006). Does Crime Just Move Around the Corner? A Controlled Study of Spatial Displacement and Diffusion of Crime Control Benefits. *Criminology*, 44(3), 549–592.

4. Bowers, K. J., Johnson, S. D., Guerette, R. T., Summers, L., & Poynton, S. (2011). Spatial displacement and diffusion of benefits among geographically focused policing initiatives: a meta-analytical review. *Journal of Experimental Criminology*, 7(4), 347-374.

5. Guerette, Rob T. and Kate J. Bowers. (2009). Assessing the Extent of Crime Displacement and Diffusion of Benefits: A Review of Situational Crime Prevention Evaluations. *Criminology*, 47(4), 1331-1368.

6. Weisburd, David, and Telep, Cody W. (2012). Spatial displacement and diffusion of crime control benefits revisited: New evidence on why crime doesn’t just move around the corner. In Nick Tilley & Graham Farrell (eds.), The reasoning criminologist: Essays in honour of Ronald V. Clarke (pp. 142–159). New York: Routledge.

7. Weisburd, David and Lorraine Green. (1995). Measuring Immediate Spatial Displacement: Methodological Issues and Problems. In John E. Eck and David Weisburd (eds.), Crime and Place, Crime Prevention Studies, vol. 4 (pp. 349-359). Monsey, NY: Willow Tree Press.

*Additional Readings:*

1. Barr, Robert and Ken Pease. (1990). Crime Placement, Displacement, and Deflection. In Michael Tonry and Norval Morris (eds.), Crime and Justice: A Review of Research, vol. 12. Chicago: University of Chicago Press.

2. Eck, John E. (1993). The Threat of Crime Displacement. *Criminal Justice Abstracts*, 25, 527546.

3. Cornish, Derek and Ronald V. Clarke. (1987). Understanding Crime Displacement: An Application of Rational Choice Theory. *Criminology*, 25(4), 933-947.

4. Gabor, Thomas. (1990). Crime Displacement and Situational Prevention: Toward the Development of Some Principles. *Canadian Journal of Criminology*, 32, 41-74.

5. Green, Lorraine. (1995). Cleaning up Drug Hot Spots in Oakland, California: The Displacement and Diffusion Effects. *Justice Quarterly*, 12(4), 737-754.

6. Hesseling, René. B. P. (1994). Displacement: A Review of the Empirical Literature. In Ronald V. Clarke (ed.), *Crime Prevention Studies*, vol. 3 (pp. 197-230). Monsey, NY: Criminal Justice Press.

7. Reppetto, Thomas A. (1976). Crime Prevention and the Displacement Phenomenon. *Crime & Delinquency*, 22, 166-177.

8. Travis A. Taniguchi, George F. Rengert and Eric S. McCord. (2009). Where Size Matters: Agglomeration Economies of Illegal Drug Markets in Philadelphia. *Justice Quarterly*, 26(4), 670-694.

9. Teichman, Doron. (2005). The Market for Criminal Justice: Federalism, Crime Control, and Jurisdictional Competition. *Michigan Law Review*, 103, 1831-1876.

**IX. Does Hot Spots Policing Have Jurisdictional Effects?**

*Required Readings:*

1. Nagin, D. S., & Weisburd, D. (2013). Evidence and public policy: The example of evaluation research in policing. *Criminology & Public Policy*,*12*(4), 651–679.

2. Weisburd, D., Braga, A. A., Groff, E. R., & Wooditch, A. (2017). Can hot spots policing reduce crime in urban areas? An agent-based simulation. *Criminology*,*55*(1), 137–173.

3. Weisburd, D., Groff, E. R., Jones, G., Cave, B., Amendola, K. L., Yang, S. M., & Emison, R. F. (2015). The Dallas patrol management experiment: can AVL technologies be used to harness unallocated patrol time for crime prevention? *Journal of Experimental Criminology*, 11(3), 367-391.

**X. Should police be the only prevention agents at crime hot spots?**

A. Possible Unintended Negative Consequences of Hot Spots Policing

*Required Readings:*

1. Rosenbaum, D. P. (2006). The limits of hot spots policing. *Police innovation: Contrasting perspectives*, 245-263.

2. Kochel, T. R., & Weisburd, D. (2017). Assessing community consequences of implementing hot spots policing in residential areas: findings from a randomized field trial. *Journal of Experimental Criminology*, *13*(2), 143-170.

3. Weisburd, David, Josh Hinkle, Christine Famega, and Justin Ready (2011). The Possible “Backfire” Effects of Broken Windows Policing at Crime Hot Spots: An Experimental Assessment of Impacts on Legitimacy, Fear and Collective Efficacy. *Journal of Experimental Criminology* 7:297-320.

4. Weisburd, D. (2016). Does hot spots policing inevitably lead to unfair and abusive police practices, or can we maximize both fairness and effectiveness in the new proactive policing. *U. Chi. Legal F.*, 661.

5. Tyler, T. R., Jackson, J., & Mentovich, A. (2015). The consequences of being an object of suspicion: Potential pitfalls of proactive police contact. *Journal of Empirical Legal Studies*, 12(4), 602-636.

*Additional Readings:*

1. Meares, T. L., & Kahan, D. M. (1998). The coming crisis of criminal procedure. *Ann. Rev. Crim. Proc.*, *27*, 1153.

2. Meares, Tracey L. (2006). Third-Party Policing: A Critical View. In David Weisburd and Anthony A. Braga (eds.), Police Innovation: Contrasting Perspectives. New York: Cambridge University Press.

3. Tyler, Tom R. (2004). Enhancing Police Legitimacy. *Annals of the American Academy of Political and Social Science*, 593, 84-99.

4. Kochel, Tammy R. (2011). Constructing hot spots policing: Unexamined consequences for disadvantaged populations and for police legitimacy. *Criminal Justice Policy Review*, 22, 350–374.

B. Promising Alternatives to Policing on High Crime Streets

*Required Readings:*

1. Weisburd, D. (2020). A promising alternative to policing high-crime streets. The Hill. <https://thehill.com/opinion/criminal-justice/507885-a-promising-alternative-to-policing-high-crime-streets>

2. Weisburd, D., Davis, M., & Gill, C. (2015). Increasing collective efficacy and social capital at crime hot spots: New crime control tools for police. *Policing*, 9(3), 265-274.

3. White, Clair and David Weisburd. (2017). A Co-Responder Model for Policing Mental Health Problems at Crime Hot Spots: Findings from a Pilot Project" *Policing: A Journal of Policy and Practice*,13 (2):241-264.

4. Dong, B., White, C., & Weisburd, D. (2020). "Poor health and violent crime hot spots: Mitigating the undesirable co-occurrence through focused place-based interventions." *American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 58(*6), 799-806.

5. Eck, J. (2019). The Opportunity Structure for Bad Place Management: A Theory to Assist Effective Regulation of High Crime Places. In D. Weisburd & J. Eck (Eds.), *Unraveling the crime-place connection* (Vol. 22). Routledge.