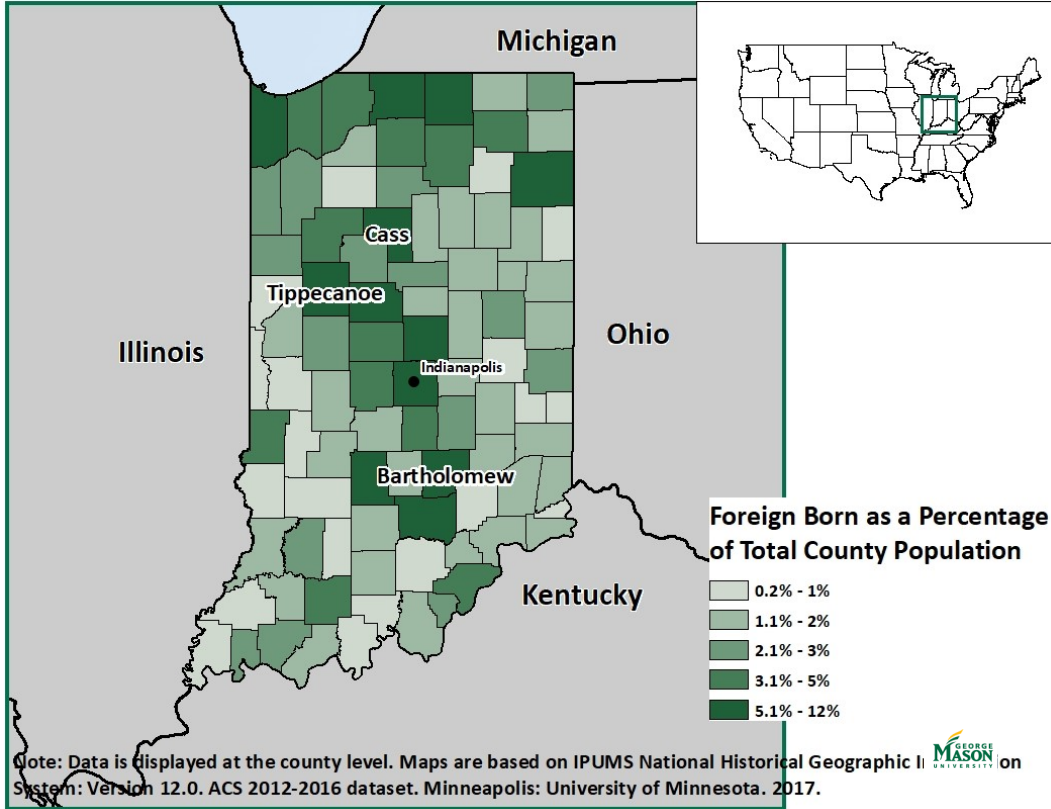


Immigrants in Indianapolis, Indiana

Figure 1. Immigrants in the state of Indiana



2016 NUMBERS AT A GLANCE

- **42,228,200:** Approximate number of immigrants¹ living in the U.S. (13% of the population)
- **324,000:** Approximate number of immigrants living in the state of Indiana (5% of the state's population)
- **80,200:** Approximate number of immigrants living in the city of Indianapolis (9% of the city's population)
- **33th:** Rank of the state of Indiana among the 50 states and Washington, D.C. in terms of immigrants as a percentage of the state's population

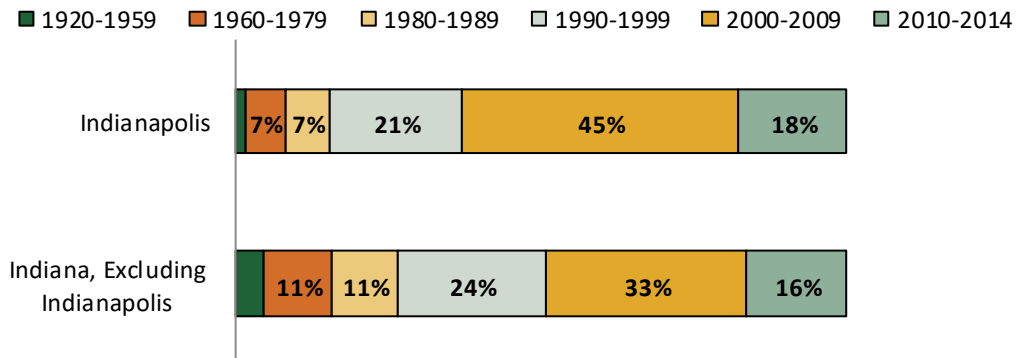
Distribution of Immigrants in the state of Indiana

Figure 1 shows where immigrants live in the state of Indiana. Tippecanoe (11 percent), Bartholomew (10 percent), Cass (9%) and Marion (9%) Counties reported the highest percentages of immigrants in the state. The city of Indianapolis, located in Marion county, has approximately 80,200 immigrants, who make up 9 percent of the city's population.

Figure 2. Year of Immigration Among Immigrants, 1920-2014

Year of Immigration

Figure 2 shows that immigrants living in Indianapolis are much more likely to have migrated to the U.S. since 2000 compared to all other immigrants in the state of Indiana.²



All analysis in this fact sheet is based on source data from the U.S. Census Bureau American Community Survey, 2012-2016 distributed through IPUMS-USA, University of Minnesota, www.ipums.org, unless otherwise noted.

¹Please note that the terms "immigrant" and "foreign born" are used interchangeably throughout this fact sheet. Foreign born refers to individuals who are not a U.S. citizen at birth or who were born outside the U.S., Puerto Rico or other U.S. territories and whose parents are not U.S. citizens. The foreign born may include naturalized U.S. citizens, Legal Permanent Residents, temporary residents, refugees and asylees, and others. Additionally, native born includes those who are U.S. citizens at birth, those born in the United States, Puerto Rico, or other U.S. territories, and those born abroad to a parent who is a U.S. citizen.

²All other immigrants in the state of Indiana excluding immigrants from Indianapolis.

Immigrants in Indianapolis, Indiana

Figure 3. Naturalization Rates Among Immigrants

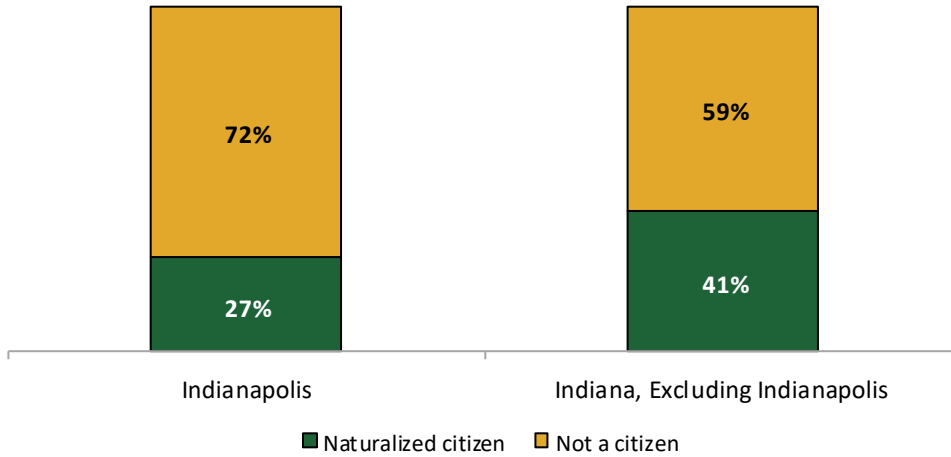


Figure 3 shows that immigrants in Indianapolis are much less likely to be naturalized compared to all other immigrants in the state of Indiana. This findings is not unexpected. As shown in Figure2, immigrants in Indianapolis have been in the U.S for a shorter period of time than all other immigrants in the state of Indiana.

Figure 4. Top Five Birthplaces Among Immigrants

Indianapolis		Indiana, Excluding Indianapolis	
Mexico	37%	Mexico	32%
India	7%	India	9%
Burma (Myanmar)	6%	China	8%
Honduras	4%	Philippines	4%
El Salvador	3%	Korea	3%
117 Other Countries	43%	145 Other Countries	44%
Estimated Immigrant Population	80,232	Estimated Immigrant Population	243,729

Figure 4 shows that Mexico is the top birthplace among immigrants in both Indianapolis and the state of Indiana. Thirteen percent of foreign-born individuals living in Indianapolis come from Burma, Honduras or El Salvador, and none of them are top five birthplaces among all other immigrants in the state of Indianapolis.

Figure 5. English Proficiency Among Immigrants

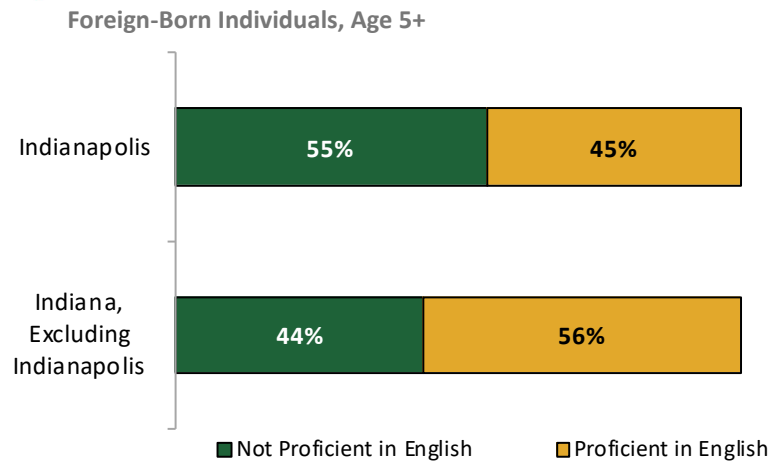


Figure 5 shows that foreign-born individuals living in Indianapolis (45 percent) are less likely to be proficient in English compared to all other immigrants in Indiana (56 percent).

ABOUT THE INSTITUTE FOR IMMIGRATION RESEARCH

The IIR works to refocus the immigration conversation among academics, policy-makers and the public, including the business community and media, by producing and disseminating valid, reliable and objective, multidisciplinary academic research related to immigrants and immigration to the United States. The Institute for Immigration Research is a joint venture between George Mason University and the Immigrant Learning Center, Inc. (ILC) of Massachusetts. To learn more about the Institute for Immigration Research call (703) 993-5833, email iir@gmu.edu, or visit us online at iir.gmu.edu.

IMMIGRATION DATA ON DEMAND (iDod)

iDod
Immigration
Data on Demand

The iDod service is offered free of charge to help individuals and institutions examine the immigrant populations of their particular geography. Recipients of this data will see how immigrants provide vital contributions to the economy and society of the U.S. Ultimately, the goal of the iDod project is to create collaborations and connect people with data of interest on immigrant populations from their particular geographic region or economic sector.